

SAFETY DATA SHEETS

According to the UN GHS revision 10

Version: 1.0 Creation Date: July 15, 2024 Revision Date: July 15, 2024

SECTION 1: Identification

 $<!--{productinfo} -->$

1.3 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Identified uses Uses advised against Industrial and scientific research use. no data available

1.4 Supplier's details

 $<!--{companyinfo}-->$

1.5 Emergency phone number

<!--{Emergency phone number}-->

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (Chronic) - Category Chronic 2

2.2 GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram(s)

Signal word



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Hazard statement(s)	H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
Precautionary statement(s)	
Prevention	P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. P264 Wash thoroughly after handling. P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P273 Avoid release to the environment.
Response	P319 Get medical help if you feel unwell. P391 Collect spillage.
Storage	none
Disposal	P501 Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.

2.3 Other hazards which do not result in classification

no data available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Chemical name	Common names and synonyms	CAS number	EC number	Concentration
Indium	Indium	7440-74-6	231-180-0	pprox 99%

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1 Description of necessary first-aid measures

If inhaled

Fresh air, rest. Refer for medical attention.

Following skin contact

Remove contaminated clothes. Rinse and then wash skin with water and soap.

Following eye contact

First rinse with plenty of water for several minutes (remove contact lenses if easily possible), then refer for medical attention.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth.

4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Exposure Routes: inhalation, ingestion, skin and/or eye contact Symptoms: Irritation eyes, skin, respiratory system; possible liver, kidney, heart, blood effects; pulmonary edema Target Organs: Eyes, skin, respiratory system, liver, kidneys, heart, blood (NIOSH, 2016)

4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Immediate first aid: Ensure that adequate decontamination has been carried out. If patient is not breathing, start artificial respiration, preferably with a demand valve resuscitator, bag-valve-mask device, or pocket mask, as trained. Perform CPR if necessary. Immediately flush contaminated eyes with gently flowing water. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on the left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain an open airway and prevent aspiration. Keep patient quiet and maintain normal body temperature. Obtain medical attention. Poisons A and B

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Suitable extinguishing media

The only respirators recommended for fire fighting are self-contained breathing apparatuses that have full facepieces and are operated in a pressure-demand or other positive pressure mode. Indium and compounds

5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Excerpt from ERG Guide 170 [Metals (Powders, Dusts, Shavings, Borings, Turnings, or Cuttings, etc.)]: May react violently or explosively on contact with water. Some are transported in flammable liquids. May be ignited by friction, heat, sparks or flames. Some of these materials will burn with intense heat. Dusts or fumes may form explosive mixtures in air. Containers may explode when heated. May re-ignite after fire is extinguished. (ERG, 2016)

5.3 Special protective actions for fire-fighters

In case of fire in the surroundings, use appropriate extinguishing media.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Remove all ignition sources. Personal protection: particulate filter respirator adapted to the airborne concentration of the substance. Sweep spilled substance into covered containers. If appropriate, moisten first to prevent dusting. Carefully collect remainder. Then store and dispose of according to local regulations.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Remove all ignition sources. Personal protection: particulate filter respirator adapted to the airborne concentration of the substance. Sweep spilled substance into covered containers. If appropriate, moisten first to prevent dusting. Carefully collect remainder. Then store and dispose of according to local regulations.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Remove all ignition sources. Personal protection: particulate filter respirator adapted to the airborne concentration of the substance. Sweep spilled substance into covered containers. If appropriate, moisten first to prevent dusting. Carefully collect remainder. Then store and dispose of according to local regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

If powder: NO open flames, NO sparks, and NO smoking. Closed system, dust explosion-proof electrical equipment and lighting. Prevent deposition of dust. Handling in a well ventilated place. Wear suitable protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Use non-sparking tools. Prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Separated from food and feedstuffs, strong oxidants, strong acids and incompatible materials. See Chemical Dangers. Well closed. Separated from food and feedstuffs, strong oxidants, strong acids and incompatible materials ... Well closed.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure limit values

TLV: 0.1 mg/m3, as TWA

Biological limit values

no data available

8.2 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Set up emergency exits and the risk-elimination area.

8.3 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE) Eve/face protection

Wear safety spectacles or eye protection in combination with breathing protection if powder. Skin protection

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Physical state	Soft, ductile, shiny, silver-white metal. Mp: 155.6°C; bp: 2080°C. Density 7.31 g cm-3.
Colour	Soft, white metal with bluish tinge. Ductile, malleable, softer than lead, leaves a mark on paper, crystalizes.
Odour	no data available
Melting point/freezing point	156°C
Boiling point or initial	2000° C
boiling point and boiling range	
Flammability	Noncombustible Solid in bulk form, but may ignite in powdered or dust form.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	no data available
Flash point	2072°C
Auto-ignition temperature	no data available
Decomposition temperature	no data available
pH	no data available
Kinematic viscosity	no data available
Solubility	Insoluble (NIOSH, 2016)
Partition coefficient n- octanol/water	no data available
Vapour pressure	<0.01 mm Hg (25 ° C)
Density and/or relative density	7.3g/mLat 25° C(lit.)
Relative vapour density	no data available
Particle characteristics	no data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Reacts with strong acids, strong oxidants and sulfur. This generates fire and explosion hazard.

10.2 Chemical stability

no data available

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Mixtures with sulfur ignite when heated.Dust explosion possible if in powder or granular form, mixed with air.INDIUM is a non-combustible solid in bulk form but is flammable in the form of a dust. Reacts with strong oxidizing agents. Reacts explosively with dinitrogen tetraoxide dissolved in acetonitrile. Reacts violently with mercury(II)bromide at 350° C. Mixtures with sulfur ignite when heated.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

no data available

10.5 Incompatible materials

Reacts with strong acids, strong oxidants and sulfur. This generates fire and explosion hazard.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

no data available

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

- Oral: no data available
- Inhalation: no data available
- Dermal: no data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

Serious eye damage/irritation

no data available

Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

Carcinogenicity

no data available

Reproductive toxicity

no data available

STOT-single exposure

The substance is irritating to the eyes and respiratory tract.

STOT-repeated exposure

The substance may have effects on the kidneys. This may result in kidney impairment.

Aspiration hazard

Evaporation at 20° C is negligible; a harmful concentration of airborne particles can, however, be reached quickly.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

- Toxicity to fish: no data available
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: no data available
 Toxicity to algae: no data available
- Toxicity to microorganisms: no data available

12.2 Persistence and degradability

no data available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

no data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

no data available

12.5 Other adverse effects

no data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Disposal methods

Product

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

Contaminated packaging

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN Number

	ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)	IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)	IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)
14.2	UN Proper Shipping Name		
	ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)	IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)	IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)		
	ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)	IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)	IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)
14.4	Packing group, if applicable	2	
	ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)	IMDG: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)	IATA: Not dangerous goods. (For reference only, please check.)
14.5	Environmental hazards		
	ADR/RID: Yes	IMDG: Yes	IATA: Yes
14.6	Special precautions for user		
	no data available		
14 7	Transmont in bull cocording	to INO instruments	

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments no data available

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

Chemical name	Common names and synonyms	CAS number	EC number
Indium	Indium	7440-74-6	231-180-0
European Inventory of Ex	isting Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)		Listed.
EC Inventory			

United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	
China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015	
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)	
Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	
Vietnam National Chemical Inventory	
Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC)	
Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL)	

SECTION 16: Other information

Information on revision

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Abbreviations and acronyms

• CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

- RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
- IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods
 IATA: International Air Transportation Association
- TWA: Time Weighted Average
 STEL: Short term exposure limit
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
 LD50: Lethal Dose 50%
- EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

References

- IPCS The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home
 HSDB Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm
 IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/
 eChemPortal The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website:

- http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request_locale=en

- CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://chem.orkenicals.noaa.gov/search/simple
 ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp
 ERG Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg
- Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-
- 2. jsp
 ECHA European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/

Other Information

Insufficient data are available on the effect of this substance on human health, therefore utmost care must be taken.

Disclaimer: The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. We as supplier shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product.